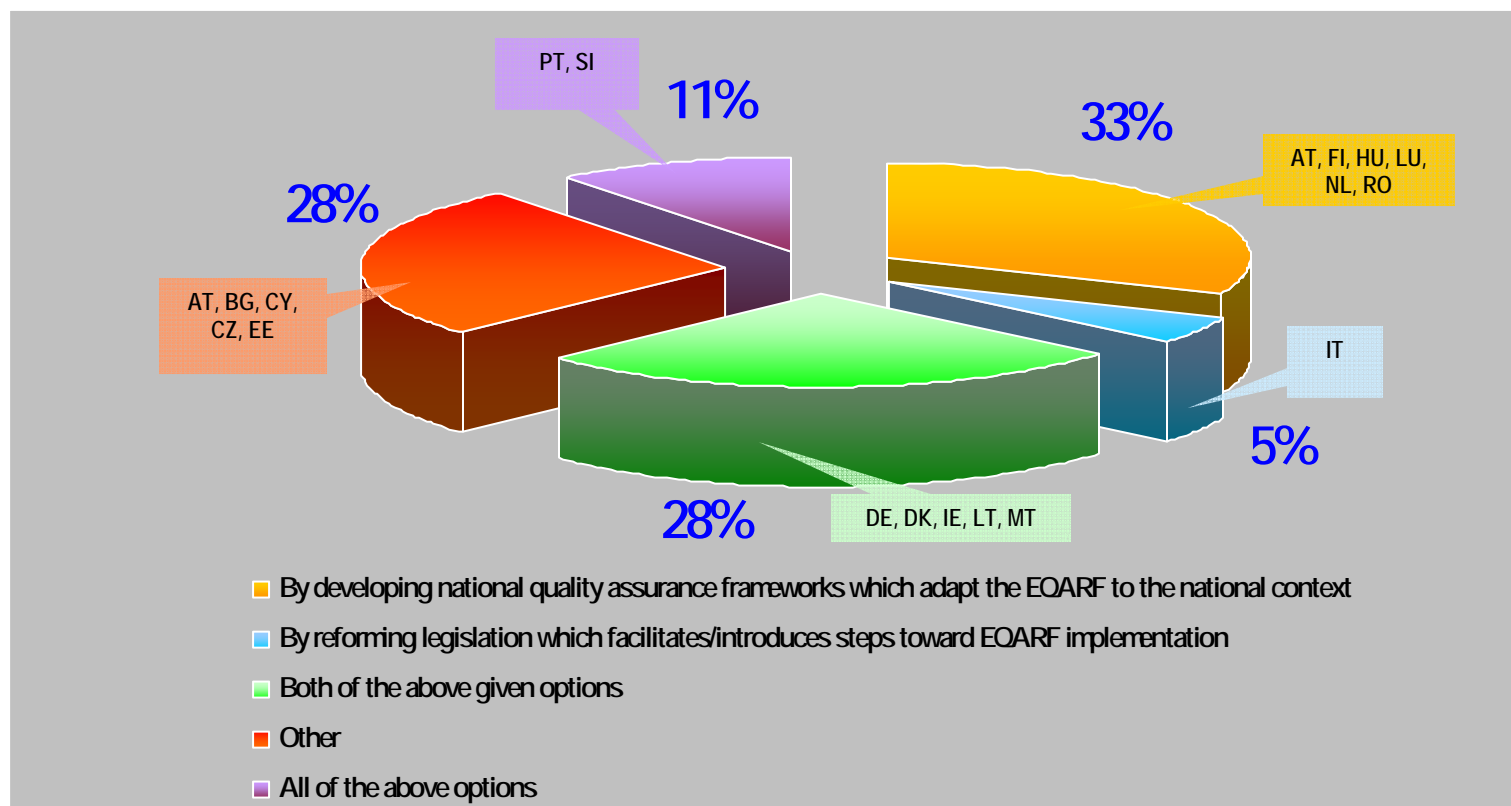


METHODOLOGY FOR IMPLEMENTING THE EUROPEAN QUALITY ASSURANCE REFERENCE FRAMEWORK FOR VET IN 2009



The category specified under "other" includes

AT: launched a comprehensive quality management system which is at present focussed on initial vocational education and training (IVET). This quality initiative - QualitätsInitiative Berufsbildung (QIBB) - is one element of the national strategy to adopt the EQARF. QIBB covers teaching and learning processes and administrative processes in every type of school and at every institutional level in the VET school system

BG: We are currently establishing the National Reference Quality Assurance Point and a structure for the national approach of quality assurance in VET in accordance with the EQARF

CY: a) Preparation for the introduction of a National Qualifications Framework; b) Introduction of a Competence-Based System of Vocational Qualifications; c) Development of a System for Assessment and Certification of Training Providers

CZ: National project co-financed by ESF "Way to Quality – Self-evaluation"

EE: Estonian VET system has developed and put in operation national set of indicators. National (VET system level) quality assurance system is described on the basis of CQAF model. Training providers are autonomous in choosing quality assurance models and methods. All training providers use some kind of quality assurance system for their administration, training provision and self-evaluation. Approximately 60% use formal models like EFQM based EKKA model (majority), very few ones ISO 9000, Balanced Scorecard and the CQAF

PT: Articulate with entities in this area of quality assurance

SI: Act for VET in 2006 introduced Quality Assurance system in VET with regard to the EQARF/CQAF, Act for Education in 2008 introduced self evaluation for undergraduate education

- This figure shows that the preferred method for implementing the European quality assurance reference framework among countries reporting having implemented the framework in 2009 is by adapting the Reference Framework model to the national context.
- The second less preferred option for supporting the implementation of the Reference Framework among respondents is combining the two methodologies given, i.e. adapting the Framework to the national context and reforming legislation.
- There are other methods for supporting the implementation of the Reference Framework, which are specified in the box “other”.

For further information visit: <http://eqavet.eu/library/publications/2009.aspx>